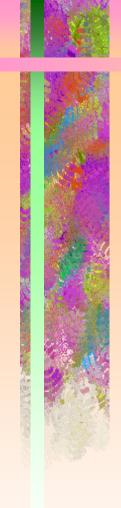


Advanced Parenting Techniques I



School and Academic Issues

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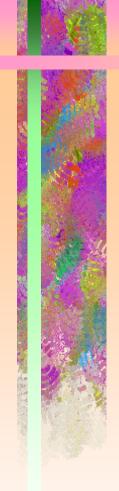
Agenda

- Overview Applied Behavior Analysis
- School refusal vs. school enthusiasm
- Increasing motivation
- Fostering creativity
- Helping with peer interactions
- Operant conditioning of brainwave activity
- Q&A



Overview

- **Applied Behavior Analysis** this phrase was first defined by Baer, Wolf, and Risley (1968).
- Clinically versus socially important:
 - test results on a behavior scale versus number of verbalizations made by a student about his sense of efficacy.
 - finger dexterity versus typed words per minute.
 - child's attitudes towards others with handicaps versus number of times that the child initiates a conversation with a peer who is handicapped.



Overview

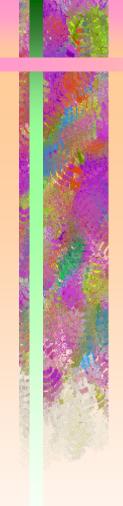
- Operationalizing.
- Target descriptions should be measurable and observable:
 - Saying that the child is "intelligent" versus saying that the child is in the 80th percentile of a norm-referenced reading test.
 - Saying that the child is moody versus noticing that the child is swearing, refusing to complete his work, etc.
 - Claiming that a child is inattentive is not as helpful as noticing that the child has not completed his work and requires multiple repetitions of the directions.



Overview

Applied Behavior Analysis (ABC) Flowchart

- Ensure the social validity of your goals
- Develop behavioral objectives
- Select antecedent control techniques
- Develop related personal characteristics
- Develop consequence control
- Collect data
- Graph data
- Use a design
- Plan generalization
- Teach self-management
- Communicate with others

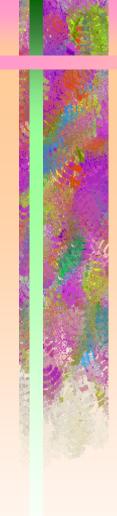


School refusal vs. school enthusiasm

 On Suspension and Time Outs versus DRO's and Forced choice

 Negotiating reintegration - bribery versus positive reinforcement

Antecedent Control Techniques



School refusal vs. school enthusiasm

Antecedent Control Techniques

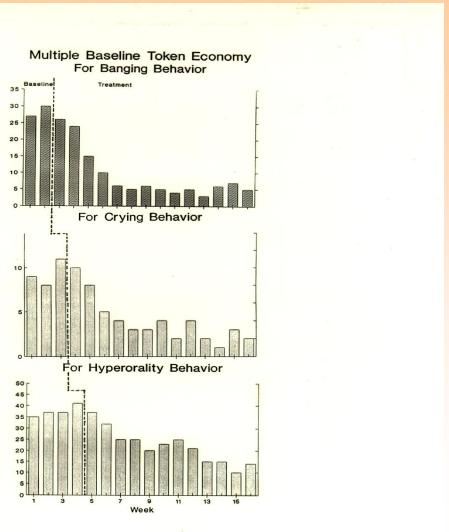
- 1. Classroom rules
- 2. Classroom routines
- 3. A classroom schedule
- 4. Instructor-child interactions
- **5. Peer interactions**
- 6. Modeling
- 7. Systematic instruction
- 8. Rate of success
- 9. Age-appropriate activities
- 10. Review of the educational program



Increasing motivation

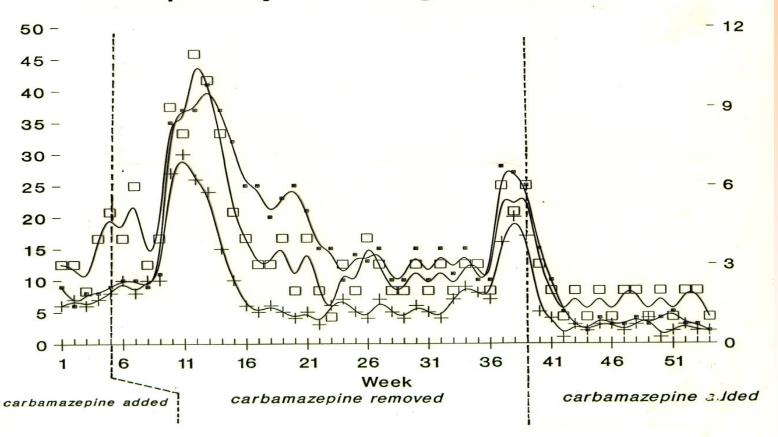
- Intrinsic versus extrinsic rewards
 - Long-term goals \Rightarrow short-term ojectives \Rightarrow lesson plan objectives
 - $\hat{1}$ math skills at $\Rightarrow \hat{1}$ addition skills \Rightarrow given a worksheet with 2nd grade regrouping into the
 - ⇒ given a worksheet with regrouping into the 10's column, the student will complete with 90% accuracy
- Token economies and secondary reinforcers for academic performance



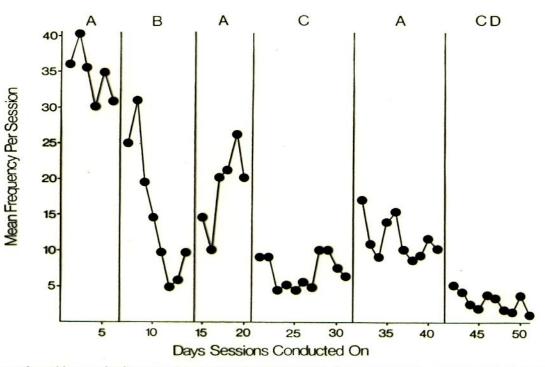


Increasing motivation

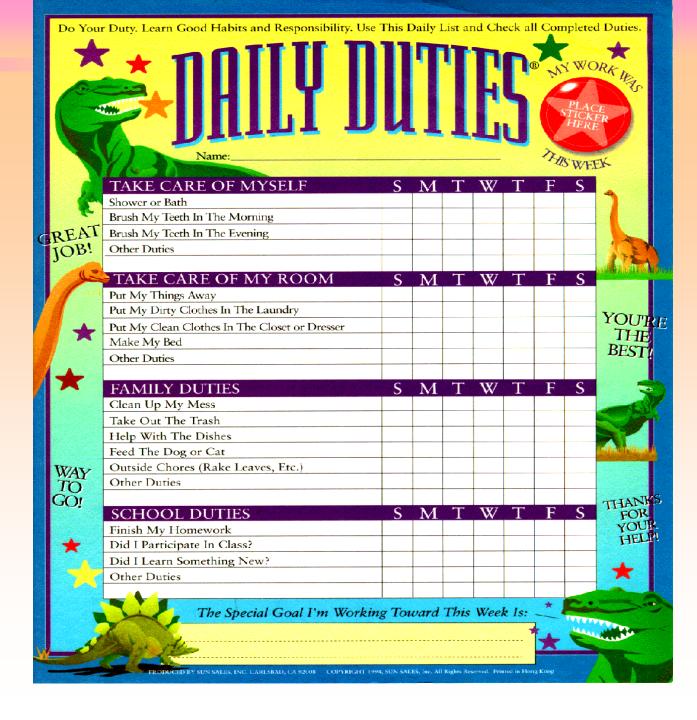
Frequency of Target Behaviors

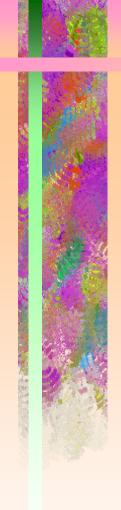


Increasing motivation



Treatment of repetitive speech using response cost and cognitive overlearning. A, no treatment; B, response cost; C, modified response cost; CD, modified response cost and cognitive overlearning.





Fostering creativity

- Shaping inaccurate responses
 - operationalized as problem solving

 Stimulus Control alternatives - MFA, Nickelodeon, NOVA vs WWF, South Park, or soap operas

System of Least Prompts



Fostering creativity

System of Least Prompts

Provide an opportunity for the child to perform a specific skill

Does the child independently initiate the task?

↓ No

Provide a verbal prompt

 \downarrow

Does the child now performs the skill?

VNO

Provide a modeling prompt



Does the child now performs the skill?



Provide a physical prompt by guiding the child through the skill



Helping with peer interactions

- Non-zero sum games versus competitive exchanges
- Sharing versus privileges
- Vicarious reinforcement as positive reinforcer
- Response cost interventions for unsafe behaviors



Helping with peer interactions

Inappropriate Behaviors

- Child yells out answer
- Child takes object by force
- Child expresses anger by throwing
- Child cries when commanded

Appropriate Alternatives

- Child raises his/her hand
- Child requests permission to borrow
- Child counts to ten and then asks to discuss
- Child complies with broken down command



Operant conditioning of brainwave activity

Lubar versus Barkley ?

 Peak performance thresholds and neuroelectrical signatures for the diagnosis of learning style variations



URL's:

Association for Applied Psychophysiology and Biofeedback

www.aapb.org/

- Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis: www.envmed.rochester.edu/wwwrap/behavior/jaba/jabahome.htm
- The Association for Behavior Analysis www.wmich.edu/aba/
- Behavior Online www.behavior.net/
- Applied Behavior Analysis in the Classroom PJ. Schloss & M.A. Smith (1994).
 Allyn and Bacon.